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जहा हरियाली वहा खुशहाली

पेड़ लगाओ – पेड़ बचाओ, इस दुनिया को सुंदर बनाओ

जल है तो कल हैं

Lecture

- 1- Quote
- 2- Editorials
- 3- Vocabulary
- 4- Subjective Q
- 5- Current Affair Q
- 6- News Analysis
- 7- Capital & Currency
- 8- Prelims Focus Facts
- 9- Revision(Base Knowledge)
- 10- Maps Practice-(Q- Chile)



THE HINDU

ANALYSIS

हिंदी में



9th April

2018



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Geography
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NDA Exam
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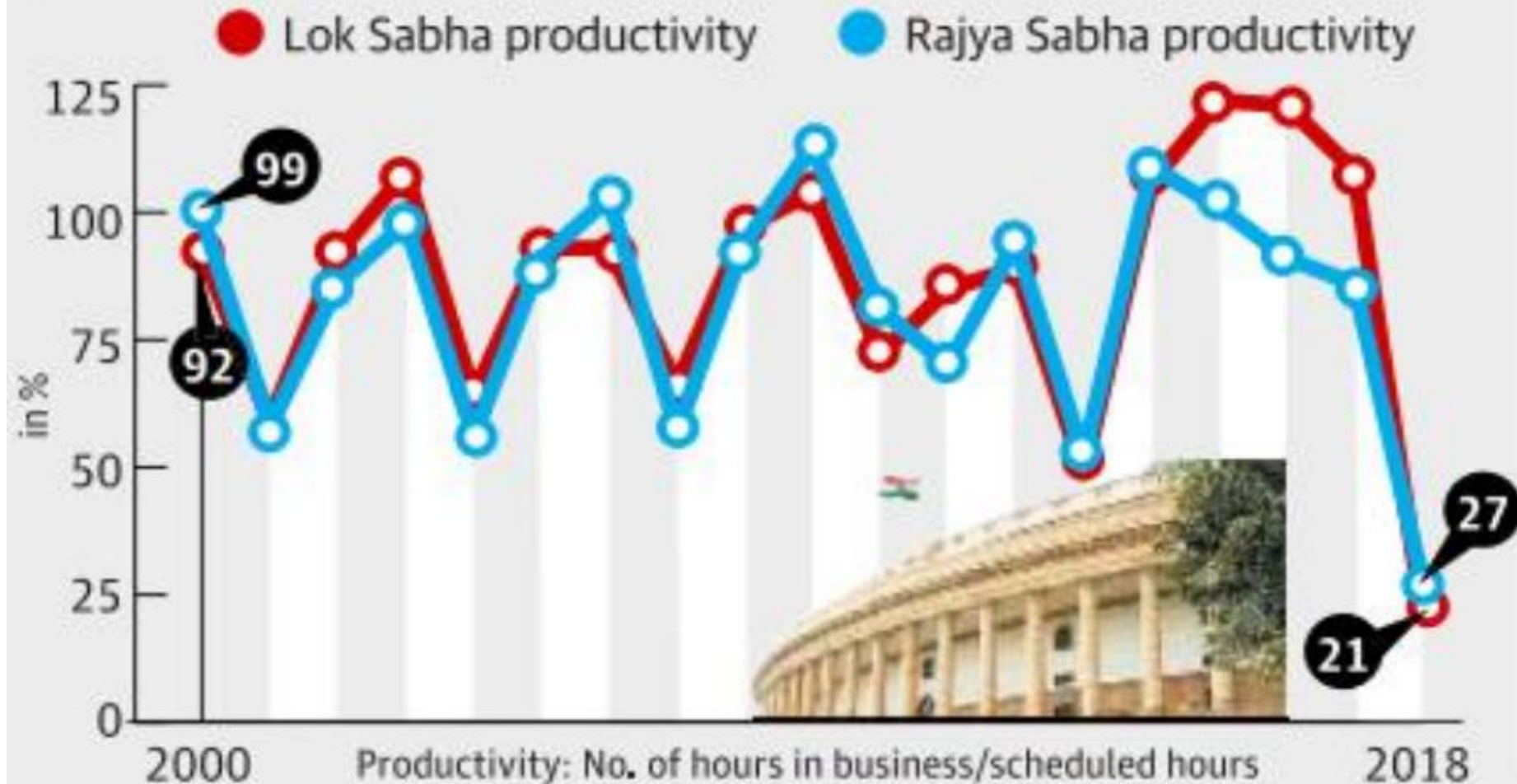
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Damp squib

The Budget Session (BS) that concluded on Friday is the least productive when compared to such sessions since 2000



Performance of Question Hour as a % of scheduled time



(among least productive five sessions since 2000)



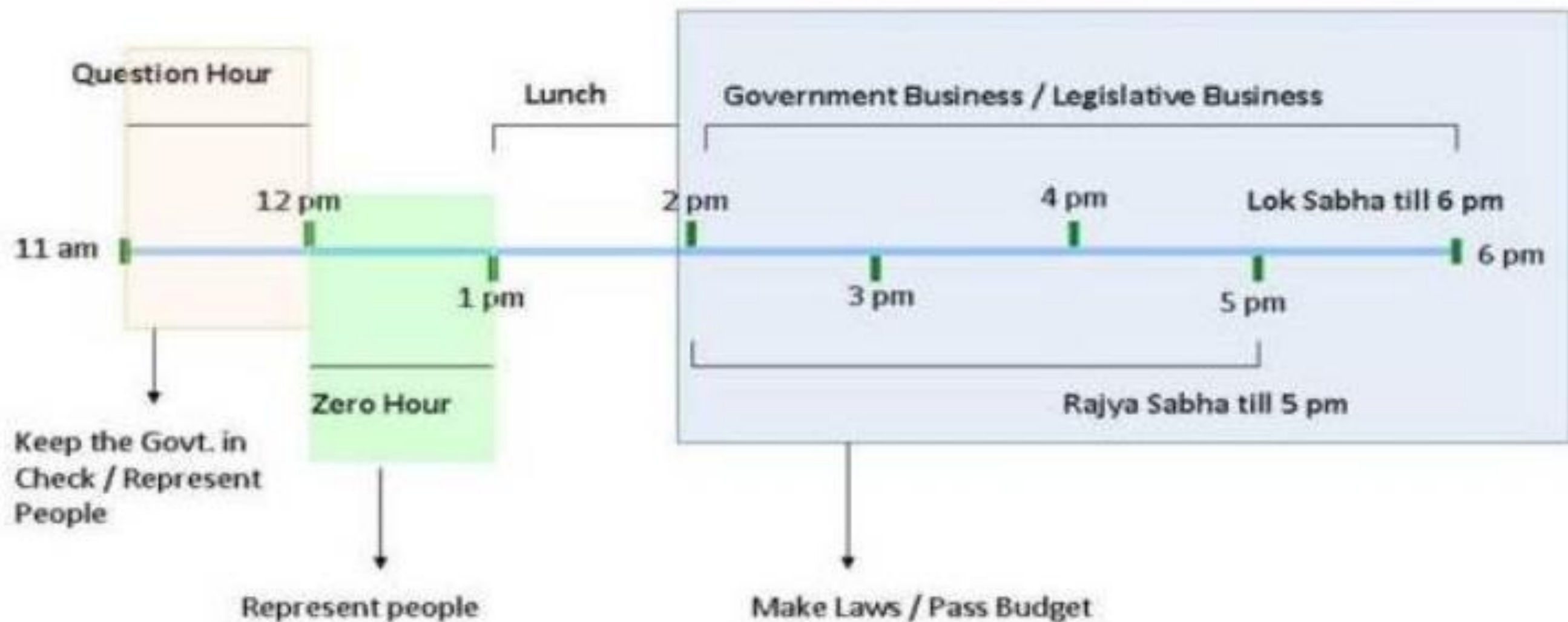
Time spent on legislation



(among least productive five budget sessions since 2000)



What happens in Parliament



Indian Parliament



PRESIDENT OF INDIA



RAJYA SABHA
(Council of States)



LOK SABHA
(House of the People)



Continue

- Budget session shamed democracy
- Opposition for failing to keep the government answerable
- MPs proposed that their salaries
- Money bills that do not need the Rajya Sabha's nod
- Lok Sabha Speaker, most glaringly, failed to use the powers at her command to suspend unruly MPs
- No-confidence motion



India

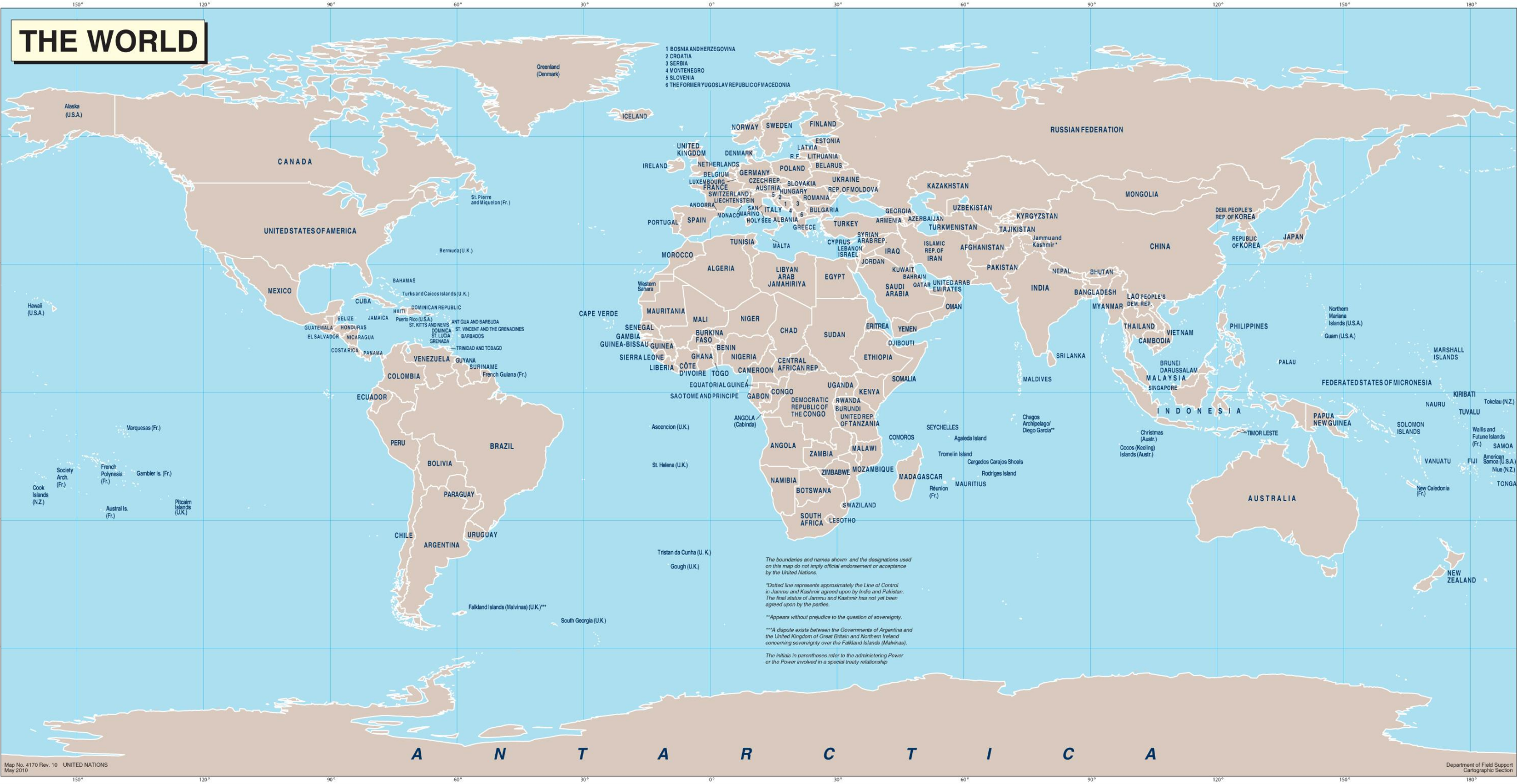
States and Union Territories

○ State Capital

● Union Territory Capital



THE WORLD



The fall of Lula

- Conviction of Brazil's former President throws its politics into further disarray
- Hopes to return to power in the October general election



Inclusion and the right to dignity

- Battling discrimination must not fall on the shoulders of Dalits alone
- How many more indignities does the community have to suffer?
- Repair of historical wrongs.
- Opposed the dilution by the Supreme Court, in its order of March 20, 2018, of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act.
- Violent protests by Dalits in northern India the day before
- Lost confidence in the ability of Indian democracy
- In January 2016 the death of Rohith Vemula
- Historic Bhima Koregaon battle in Maharashtra
- Dalit literary works, Omprakash Valmiki's Joothan (2003), Narendra Jadhav's Untouchables (2005), and Baby Kamble's The Prisons We Broke (2009)
- Right to respect, has not been realised.

Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989



National Forest Policy

- There are two forest policies in the history of Independent India. They are as follows-
- Forest Policy of 1952
- Forest Policy of 1988

Smoke in the woods

- Forest Policy was last revised in 1988, changes are perhaps overdue.
- New draft Forest Policy 2018, however, ignores the lessons from this period
- India's diverse forests support the livelihoods of 250 million people, providing them firewood, fodder, bamboo, beedi leaves and many other products.
- Forest policy, therefore, focusses primarily on which benefits (and beneficiaries) to prioritise, where and through what process.
- Another focus area is to decide when and through what process to allow diversion of forest land for “non-forest” activities such as dam building, mining and agriculture.
- Forest policy in colonial India focussed on maximising products and revenues for the state through the imperial forest department as sole owner, protector and manager of the forest

Continue

- Unfortunately, post-Independence policy continued this statist approach.
- Forests were seen as sources of raw material for industry and local communities were simply treated as labour
- Paradigm shift, the 1988 Forest Policy recognised the multiple roles of forests and prioritised environmental stability over revenue maximisation.
- Policy emphasised people's involvement in protecting and regenerating forests
- Joint forest management (JFM) was initiated in 1990s to implement the concept of people's involvement
- But what began with great expectations eventually ended up as a nation-wide charade(mockery)

Continue

- Forest Rights Act (FRA) of 2006 created a historic opportunity Its community forest resource provisions gave communities rights to both access and manage forests.
- Today, thousands of villages in Maharashtra and Odisha have received these rights, and hundreds have begun to exercise them.
- Adivasis of Niyamgiri in Odisha exercised this provision to prevent bauxite mining
- Does the 2018 Forest Policy draft build on the new direction of 1988 and incorporate the lessons learnt since then? Unfortunately, the answer is a no
- They will now enter into public private partnerships (PPPs) to bring corporate investment into forest lands
- Entail more such destruction, with even the profits ending up in corporate hands.
- ₹50,000 crore of NPV monies (CAMPA, or Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority, funds) provides the means to achieving this carbon target
- This overlooks the ecological and social implications of carbon and production forestry and the need for decentralised democracy

A case to withdraw the triple talaq Bill

- The Bill in its current form has many procedural and legal infirmities
- Prime Minister's lament to the outgoing Rajya Sabha MPs that they missed out on an opportunity to debate important issues such as the triple talaq Bill – the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Bill, 2017 due to disruptions is an indication that despite widespread public opinion against it, Centre is inordinately keen on making it a law
- Supreme Court, in Shayara Bano v. Union Of India (2017),
- Had set aside the validity of instant talaq
- Bill criminalises talaaq-e-biddat even if it is not followed by eviction or desertion of the wife.
- Imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with a maximum fine of ₹2,000
- Civil or criminal
- Triple talaq Bill fails the test of constitutionality is found in Article 21
- Justice K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India (2017)
- Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India (1978),

India

States and Union Territories

○ State Capital

● Union Territory Capital





Prelims Focus Facts-News Analysis

➤ Page-1-

Non-bailable warrants issued against Nirav, Choksi

They have refused to join CBI probe, which now covers overseas branches

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT
MUMBAI

A special Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) court has issued non-bailable warrants against absconding diamond merchants Nirav Modi and Mehul Choksi, accused of defrauding the Punjab National Bank (PNB), the country's second largest lender, of over ₹13,500 crore.

The NBW was issued by the court on Saturday after the agency said the duo did not respond to two sum-

Tightening the screws



A non-bailable warrant is the first step in the Central Bureau of Investigation attempts to get Nirav Modi and Mehul Choksi back to India

- The CBI court's move to issue a non-bailable warrant comes after the CBI said the duo refused to join the probe
- The warrants will enable investigating

agencies to request the Interpol to issue Red Corner Notices against them

- A request for Modi's provisional arrest was sent to Hong Kong govt. on March 23

- The CBI has also summoned the official who handled foreign exchange transactions in the Hong Kong branch of the Allahabad Bank



Prelims Focus Facts-News Analysis

➤ Page-1-Pak. plans to permanently ban JuD



Jamaat-ud-Dawa chief Hafiz Saeed. ■ AFP

Prelims Focus Facts-News Analysis

- Syria 'chemical attack' claims 49 lives
- Medical group says more than 500 in Douma have reported breathing issues; Damascus denies claims



Children of hell: A child receiving oxygen through respirators following an alleged gas attack in Douma on Saturday ▪ AP

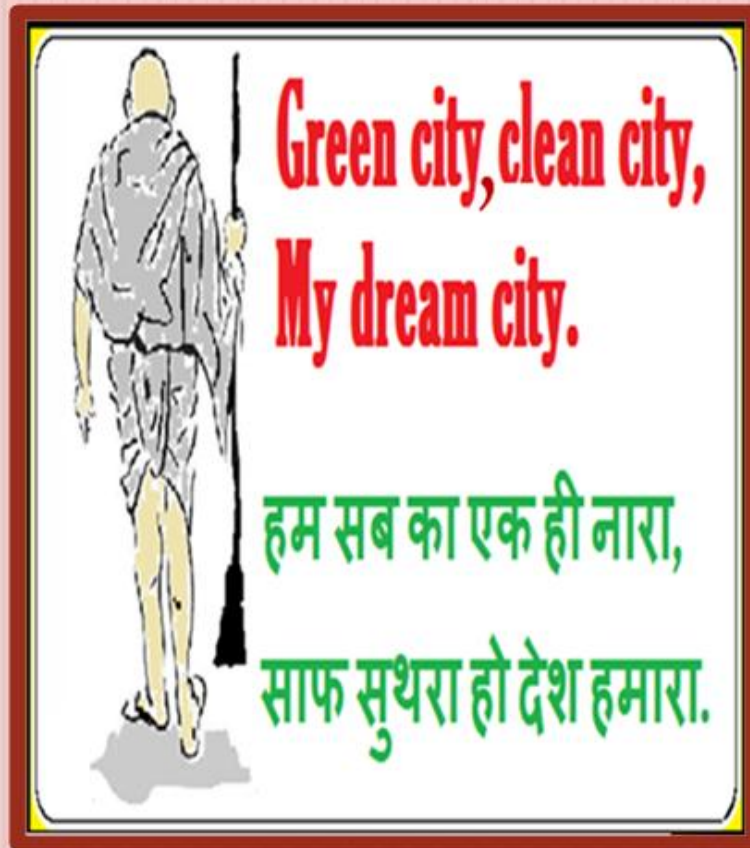
Prelims Focus Facts-News Analysis

Medals table

	G	S	B	T
Australia	31	25	28	84
England	19	19	9	47
Canada	7	15	10	32
India	7	2	3	12
Scotland	6	7	10	23
New Zealand	4	7	6	17



 "A candle loses nothing by lighting another candle" 



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